



Bihar Public Service Commission, Patna

Advt. No. 13/2026, Prosecution Officer

Exam Date:- 15-07-2026

Subject- Law

Final Answer Key, Series-M

Q. No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer
1	B	26	A	51	B	76	A
2	A	27	B	52	D	77	B
3	C	28	C	53	C	78	D
4	B	29	D	54	D	79	B
5	C	30	A	55	Deleted	80	C
6	A	31	B	56	D	81	D
7	C	32	A	57	D	82	A
8	D	33	A	58	C	83	C
9	A	34	B	59	C	84	C
10	A	35	A	60	D	85	A
11	D	36	C	61	C	86	B
12	C	37	A	62	B	87	A
13	B	38	B	63	A	88	A
14	C	39	A	64	B	89	B
15	B	40	D	65	A	90	D
16	B	41	C	66	C	91	B
17	C	42	D	67	C	92	C
18	D	43	D	68	C	93	A
19	C	44	D	69	A	94	B
20	D	45	C	70	B	95	A
21	C	46	C	71	D	96	D
22	C	47	B	72	A	97	Deleted
23	A	48	B	73	C	98	B
24	B	49	D	74	D	99	A
25	A	50	C	75	D	100	B

Explanation as per set- M		
Sl. No.	Q. No.	Explanation
1	16	falsus in uno, falsus in omnibus is a rule of evidence in Common Law. The Supreme Court of India has consistently held that this rule is not applicable in India (Edakkandi Dineshan @ P. Dineshan vs. State of Kerala, 2025 INSC 28).
2	18	The statement I is correct. Statement II and III are not correct. Refer Palvinder Kaur vs. State of Punjab, 1953 SCR 94 & Pakala Narayana Swami vs. Emperor (1939 Privy Council)
3	26	Under section 105 of BNSS the search and seizure is mandatorily recorded through audio video electronic means including mobile. The objective behind this section is to leverage technology to greater transparency to prevent tampering and to modernize criminal justice procedure.
4	27	Under section 173(3) of BNSS a police officer cannot conduct a preliminary enquiry within 14 days before registering FIR for any cognizable offence indiscriminately. It can be done only with regard to the offences punishable with 3 years or more but less than 7 years, that too with the prior permission of an officer not below the rank of Deputy Superintendent of Police.
5	33	The claim is about the usage of the verbatim, "as far as practical" under the second proviso of section 176 (1), BNSS, 2023. In the question it is used as "whenever practicable". Both mean the same here.
6	35	The exclusion of the proviso of section 516 (1) of BNSS, 2023 makes the answer wrong. This is not the correct interpretation, and exclusion of the proviso does not make it incorrect, whereas section 516 (1) of BNSS, 2023 states the same of Statement 3 of the question.
7	41	As per the Statement of Objects and Reasons of BNS, 2023 all the statements are correct.
8	43	As per section 2 (4) of BNS, 2023, Assertion (A) is correct. According to explanation 1 of section 2 (4) of BNS, 2023 the reason is not correct. Therefore, answer option 'D' is correct.
9	46	As per section 19 of BNS, 2023, Assertion (A) is correct. But Reason (R) is wrong because instead of 'question of fact', 'question of law' has been used in the question.
10	48	As per Exception I of section 101 of BNS, 2023, "Culpable homicide is not murder if the offender, whilst deprived of the power of self-control by grave and sudden provocation, causes the death of the person who gave the provocation or causes the death of any other person by mistake or accident". Accordingly death can be caused of the person who gave the provocation or of any other person by mistake or accident. Element III in the question is, "Provocation must be given by deceased or any other person" is not reflected under exception I of section 101 of BNS, 2023. Thus, Element I and II are essential and III and IV are not the essentials of Exception I.

Sl. No.	Q. No.	Explanation
11	55	Option 'D' of List I is section 285 of BNS, 2023. List II does not have the corresponding option. As per the answer key, option 2 of List II is correct. However, option 2 of List II states, "Rash or negligent act endangering life." This is not the probable meaning of section 285. Thus, the question is defective as far as option 2 of List II is concerned.
12	73	In the case of Navtej Singh Johar vs. Union of India, the principle of "Transformative Constitutionalism" was adopted and explained by the Supreme Court of India. Thus, the answer is correct.
13	84	Option A & B by no reason be called as 'civil suits'. Under section 9 of CPC, 1908 only option C, "Suits for special relief" falls within its ambit. Thus, Option 'C' is correct answer.
14	93	Option (A) is the correct and other given options are incorrect.
15	97	Under statement C, as per section 83 of CPC, 1908, alien enemies 'may sue' has been given. As alien enemies 'shall sue' makes a discretionary provision to a mandatory provision. It changes the meaning and makes the statement incorrect. Thus, statement B and C are not correct Statements.
16	100	As per section 148 A (4) the Assertion is correct . The reason is not correct. Thus Option B is the correct answer.